INPUT

ACTIVITIES

As of March 31, 2014

Total assets

¥4,886.0 billion

Net assets

¥1,774.2 billion

Interest-bearing debt

¥957.4 billion

Number of employees

80,583 people

Number of patents held

13,113

Year-on-year change

Research and development expenditures

¥145.5 billion

Capital investment

¥156.1 billion

Energy input*1

9,885 TJ 1% UP 🔽

Investment and costs for environmental preservation*2

¥14.1 billion 34% DOWN

Training and development inputs*2

¥0.7 billion 21% DOWN Pursuit of the 2012 Medium-Term **Business Plan**

- Expand business scale
- Improve capital efficiency and net income level

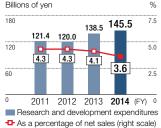
Strategy

- Consolidate and restructure the 9 Business Headquarters into 4 Business Domains, to achieve greater strengths and synergies
- Accelerate global expansion
- Manage business portfolio based on strategic evaluations
- Institute corporate reforms and efficiency improvements (Optimized resource sharing)
- Continue innovations in corporate governance and business execution

*2. In principle, MHI on a non-consolidated basis.

Total Assets Net Assets / Equity Ratio Number of Employees / Number of Patents Held in Japan and Overseas Ratio of Overseas Employees Rillions of yen Billions of ven 5,520.3 80,583 81,845 2,120.0 45 45 6.000 90,000 8,000 35.0 6,170 6,452 4,886.0 31.7 68,887 68,213 3,963.9 3,935.1 6,000 1,306.3 1,430.2 4 000 30 60 000 33.6 4,000 2.000 30.000 800 2.000 2013 **2014** (FY) 2011 2012 2011 2012 2013 **2014** (FY) 0 2011 Net assets Number of employees Domestic - Equity ratio (right scale) -Ratio of overseas employees (right scale)

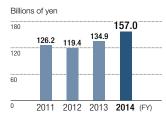
Research and Development Expenditures / As a Percentage of Net Sales Billions of yen



Capital Investment



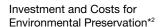
Depreciation

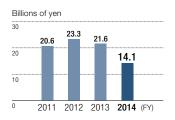


Overseas

7,023 7,412 6,633

2012 2013 **2014** (FY)





In recent years, the scale of consolidated operations has increased due to ongoing M&A activity, and total assets and the number of employees have grown. At the same time, however, higher profitability and asset efficiency have caused the equity ratio to improve, leading to steady progress in strengthening the financial foundation. R&D expenditures,

capital investment, and depreciation have expanded due to aggressive investment in growth.

Investment and costs for environmental preservation (for MHI on a non-consolidated basis) decreased in fiscal 2014 due to the spinoff of the thermal power generation systems business.

^{*1.} In principle, MHI on a non-consolidated basis (production plants and offices). However, figures for fiscal 2014 include the Nagasaki, Takasago, and Yokohama plants of Mitsubishi Hitachi Power Systems, Ltd.

^{2.} In principle, data is for production sites of MHI on a non-consolidated basis. However, figures for fiscal 2014 include the Nagasaki, Takasago, and Yokohama plants of Mitsubishi Hitachi Power Systems, Ltd.

11-year financial data ▶ Page 14

Business Segment Highlights ▶ Page 34

OUTPUT

OUTCOME

Orders received

¥4,699.1 billion 37% up 2

Net sales

¥3,992.1 billion 19% UP 2

Operating income

¥296.1 billion

EBITDA

¥465.0 billion 34% UP

EBITDA margin

11.7_% 1.3 points UP 2

Net income

¥110.4 billion 31% DOWN

Dividend payments (for FY2014)

¥30.1 billion

Greenhouse gas (CO₂) emissions*3

548 kilotons

ROE

6.5% 4.5 points DOWN

As of March 31, 2015

Total assets

¥5,520.3 billion 13% up 2

Net assets

¥2,120.0 billion

Interest-bearing debt

¥975.5 billion

Number of employees

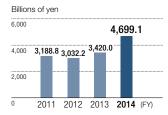
81,845 people

Number of patents held

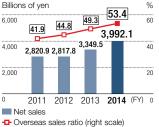
14,045

(Compared with March 31, 2014)

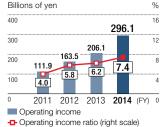
Orders Received



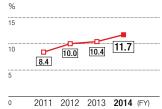
Net Sales / Overseas Sales Ratio



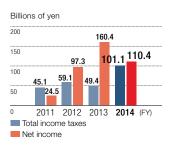
Operating Income / Operating Income Ratio



EBITDA Margin



Total Income Taxes / Net Income



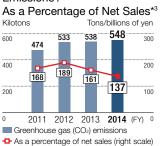
Return on Assets (ROA) / Return on Equity (ROE)



Cash Dividends / Dividend Payout Ratio



Greenhouse Gas (CO₂) Emissions /

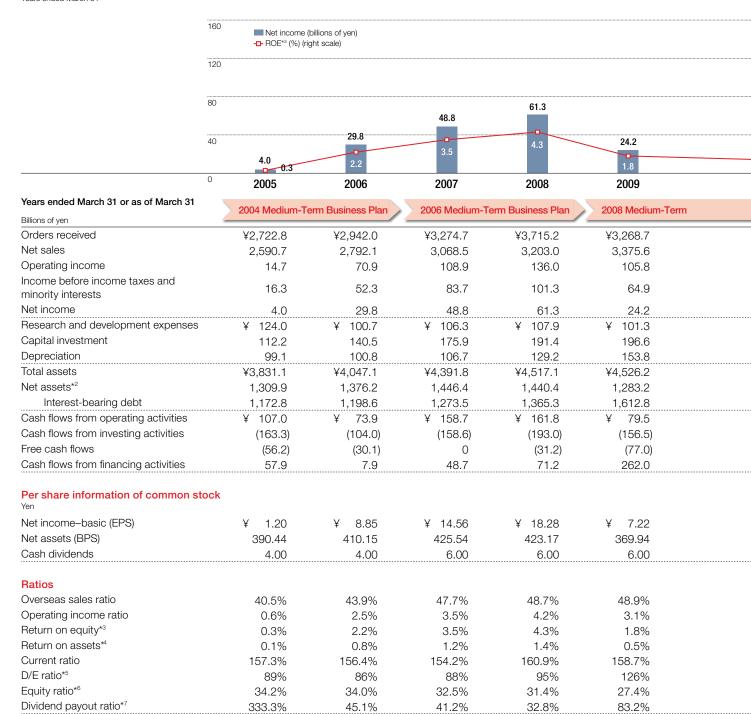


As a result of efforts promoted under the 2012 Medium-Term Business Plan, orders received, net sales, and operating income all increased. In addition, the overseas sales ratio has been rising each year in line with the acceleration of global development. The net income level is improving, along with ROE and other indicators of capital efficiency. (Net income in

fiscal 2014 was down in comparison with fiscal 2013, when we posted an extraordinary gain, a temporary factor.) Owing to positive operating results, we have raised dividends per share. As the scale of business has expanded, greenhouse gas emissions have increased, but these emissions are falling as a percentage of net sales.

Financial and Non-Financial Highlights

MITSUBISHI HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD. and its subsidiaries Years ended March 31



Notes: *1. U.S. dollar amounts in this report are translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of ¥120.17 = U.S.\$1, the exchange rate prevailing at March 31, 2015.

- since the year ended March 31, 2007.

 Return on equity = net income / (net assets share subscription rights minority interests)

- Return on against = net income / total assets = shale subscription rights = miniority inter

 Return on assets = net income / total assets

 D/E ratio = interest-bearing debt / net assets

 Equity ratio = (net assets share subscription rights minority interests) / total assets

 Dividend payout ratio = dividends / net income
- Number of section managers or above, excluding medical staff, as of April 1. In principle, MHI on a non-consolidated basis.
- MHI on a non-consolidated basis (accounts for approximately 50% of the scope of consolidation)
- *10. In principle, MHI on a non-consolidated basis (production plants and offices). However, figures for fiscal 2014 include the Nagasaki, Takasago, and Yokohama plants of Mitsubishi
- Hitachi Power Systems, Ltd.
 *11. In principle, data is for production sites of MHI on a non-consolidated basis. However, figures for fiscal 2014 include the Nagasaki, Takasago, and Yokohama plants of Mitsubishi Hitachi Power Systems, Ltd.
- *12. In principle, MHI on a non-consolidated basis.

Non-financial indexes

Number of employees

Number of overseas employees

Number of female managers*8

Industrial accident frequency rate*9 (%)

Energy input*10 (TJ)

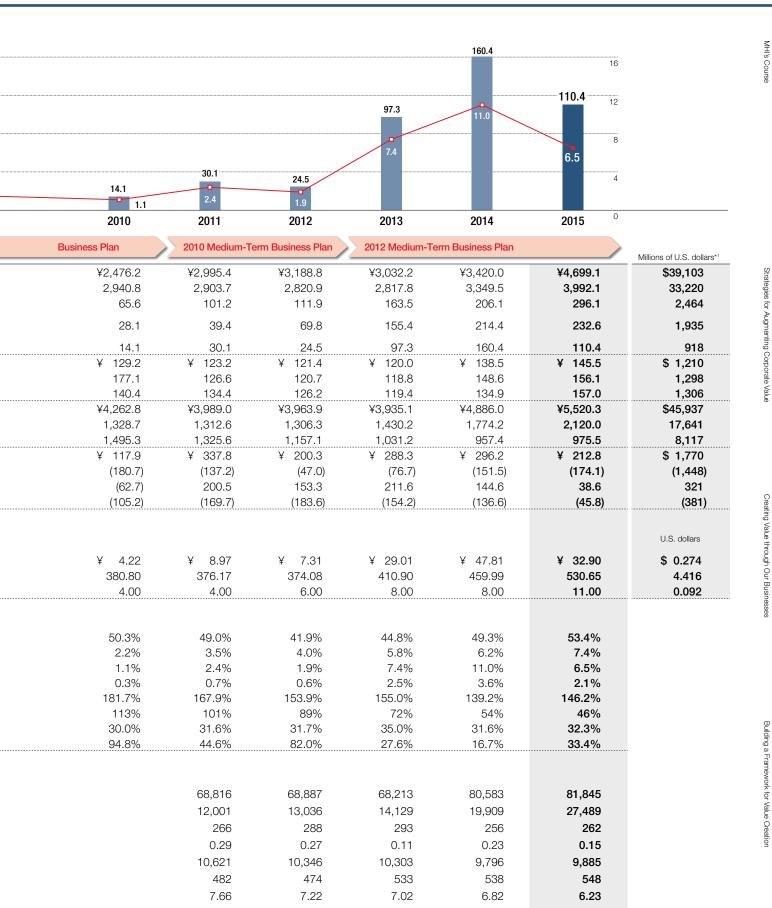
Greenhouse gas (CO₂) emissions*11 (kilotons)

Water usage*11 (million cubic meters)

Investment and costs for environmental preservation*12 (billions of yen)

Social contribution expenses (billions of yen)

In calculating the net assets, MHI and its consolidated subsidiaries have applied the "Accounting Standard for Presentation of Net Assets in the Balance Sheet" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 5) and the "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Presentation of Net Assets in the Balance Sheet" (ASBJ Guidance No. 8)



25.1

1.6

20.6

2.0

23.3

1.4

21.6

1.4

14.1

1.9